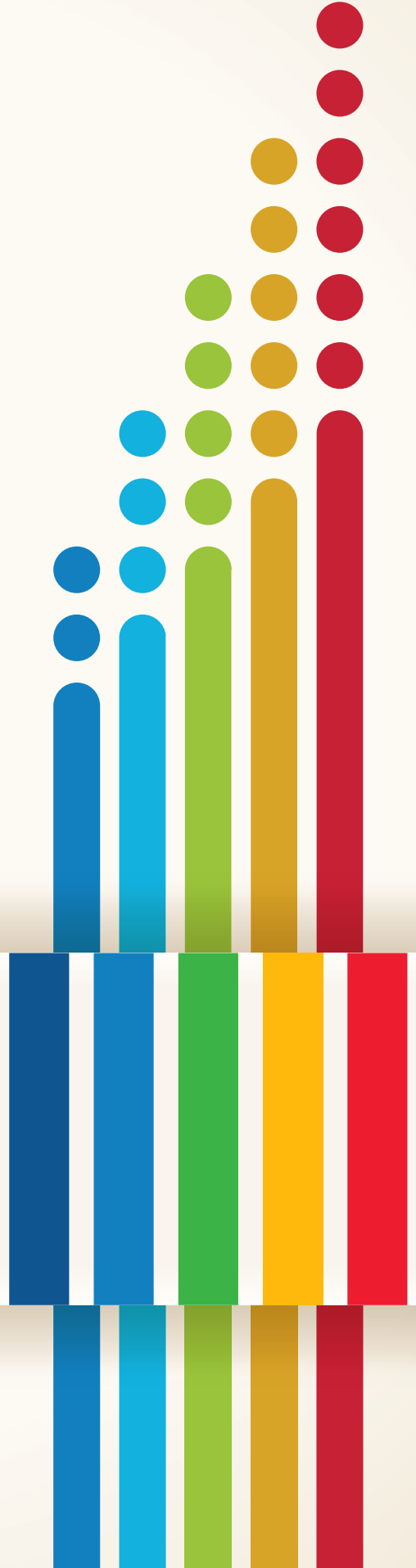




SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT
GOALS

SDGCC

Vehicles
of Change





**Sustainable
Development Goals
Coordination
Centres (SDGCC)**

**Vehicles
of Change**



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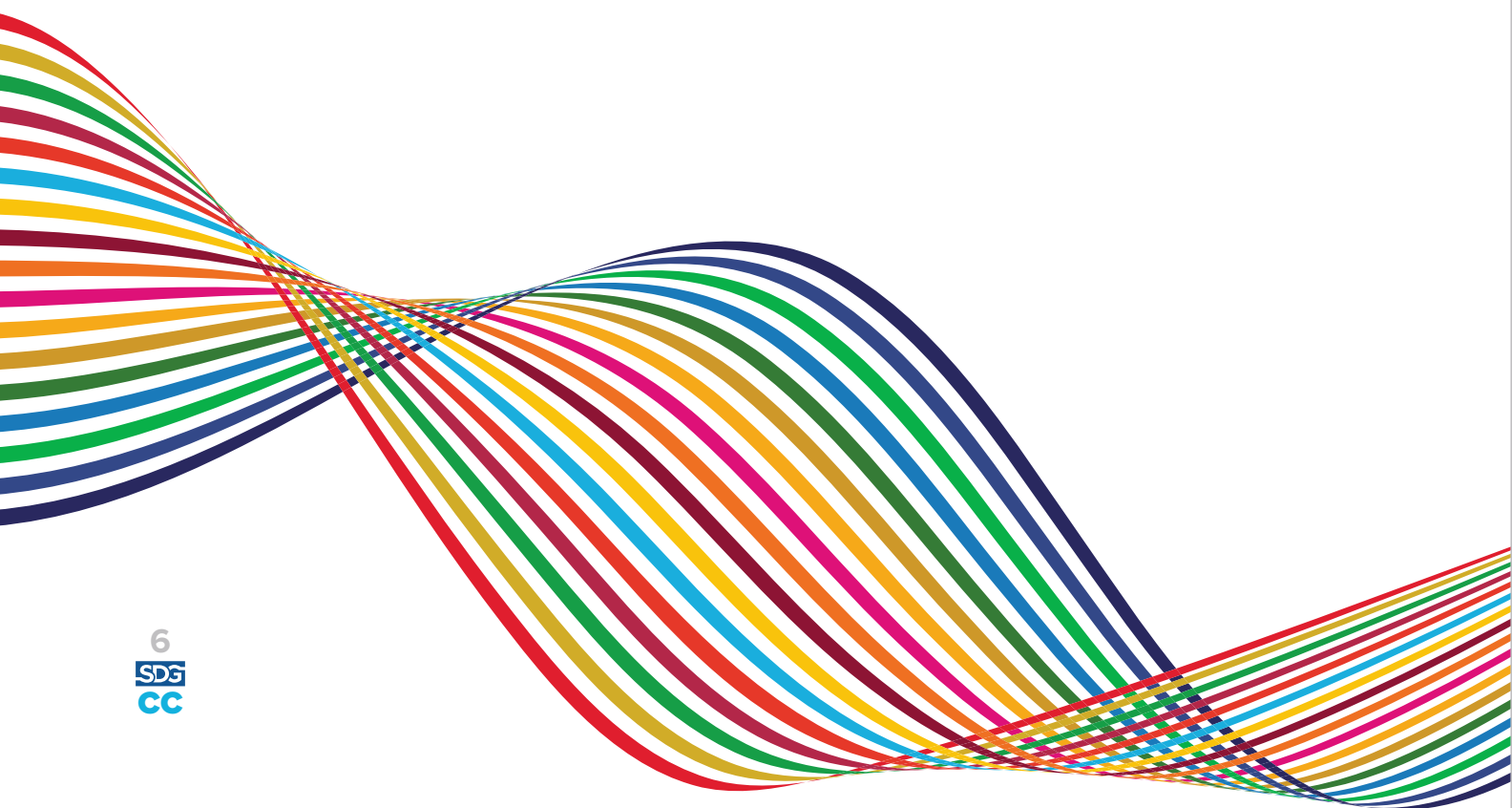
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What are Sustainable Development Goals Coordination Centres (SDGCC)?

Sustainable Development Goals Coordination Centres (SDGCCs) are institutional set-ups that assist State and Union Territory (UT) governments in integrated policy making, creating inter-linkages and synergies, developing strong monitoring systems, and ensuring coordination among all stakeholders to fast track the progress of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in States and UTs. SDGCCs are embedded in the Departments of Planning, Economics and Statistics, and Finance Departments of different states devoted solely to ensuring effective governance and convergence among departments and stakeholders for achieving the SDGs. Since the adaption of the SDG framework in 2015, NITI Aayog has followed a think-tank approach and encouraged states to develop their vision documents with 2030 as the horizon. This approach has provided the states with a unifying framework and fostered ownership of the 2030 Agenda by mandating that long-term visions, strategies and budgets aligned with the SDGs. The SDGs were also promoted by state senior leadership, enabling collaboration among traditionally siloed departments. This policy context fostered the demand for United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) to support the institutionalization of the SDGs by establishing SDG Coordination Centres (SDGCCs). The experience of SDGCCs demonstrates the significance of an institutional architecture centred on an empowered anchor entity responsible for convening, coordinating and advising. This anchor entity must have a “bird’s eye-view” of the current situation across all dimensions of SDGs—economic, social and environmental—and strategic foresight on macro and intersecting risks that can hamper future development gains. The SDGCCs act as secretariats to the political leadership for action on the SDGs, providing critical analysis to guide actions concerning the macro perspective. Additionally, they can function as a platform where stakeholders can come together and work across sectors.

A solid foundation of the understanding and ownership of SDGs has been laid in states with SDGCCs and all levels of Government entirely on board to achieve SDGs. With less than 6 years remaining to achieve the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development, there is a scope to establish SDGCC in the remaining States/UTs with the support of NITI Aayog. UNDP has assisted various State and UT governments on SDGs since 2016 by helping the states bring out SDG Vision 2030 and Agenda 2030, capacity building, awareness generation for officials and localization of SDGs. However, to ensure future-ready planning departments, UNDP aims to pursue a more nuanced approach to SDGCC and proposes to support the establishment of SDG Coordination and Acceleration Centres (SDGCAC), indicative of greater action and result-driven orientation for these centres. These centres will also be an integral part of the State Support Mission (SSM) at the state level and will support the effective implementation of the Aspirational Districts/Blocks programme.



Best Practices of the SDGCC in India

The successful achievement of the SDGs necessitates the development of new capabilities and collaborative approaches that involve all relevant stakeholders and are supported by robust institutional structures. These institutional frameworks should possess the capacity to assist State Governments in formulating integrated policies, establishing connections and synergies across various sectors, establishing robust monitoring systems, and ensuring effective coordination among all stakeholders. The SDGs also present an opportunity to enhance transparency and accountability within institutions and promote inclusive decision-making processes.

To effectively implement the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, it is imperative to mobilize and empower public institutions further. Recognizing this need, the UNDP has proposed the establishment of a specialized planning entity known as the SDGCC within the planning, economics and statistics, and finance departments of different states. This dedicated vehicle's primary purpose is to foster effective governance and coordination among departments and stakeholders, thus facilitating the attainment of the SDGs.

The SDGCC has been instrumental in driving the nation's sustainable development agenda.

Pillars of SDGCCs

SDGCCs aim to strengthen convergence and future-ready governance. Through the SDGCCs, UNDP assisted several states in formulation of SDG Vision 2030/Agenda 2030, capacity building and localization of SDGs. SDGCAC takes on a more nuanced approach to accelerate efforts for achieving the SDGs at grassroots fostering convergence, strengthening partnerships and bring forth innovative models of implementing SDGs on ground.

The **FIVE PILLARS OF THE SDGCC** include:

1



COMMUNICATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING:

Build awareness and capacity of all stakeholders around the SDG vision of the state for realizing its targets.

2



SDG LOCALIZATION:

Adapt the SDG vision for local district and Gram Panchayat level authorities in their respective plans and processes.

3

MONITORING AND EVALUATION (M&E):

Develop sophisticated technology-based tools to monitor the SDGs and ensure that M&E systems are in place to collect relevant data and monitor progress in target achievement as set out in the SDG Vision 2030 document.

4



INTEGRATED PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION:


Propose integrated development solutions and innovations to accelerate SDG implementation; foster institutional mechanisms and policy changes to improve coordination, and leverage disruptive technologies and digital governance solutions to improve better service delivery.

5



RESOURCE MOBILIZATION AND PARTNERSHIP:

Establish plans and systems to mobilize partners and resources to meet the unprecedented need for human, financial and physical resources.



With less than 6 years left to achieve the Agenda 2030, the focus has now shifted to “acceleration” of efforts to close the existing gaps in the attainment of the goals. Hence, the SDGCC is now being remodeled into the SDGCAC. In addition to the above, the SDGCAC will adopt the following approach for accelerated action on the SDGs:

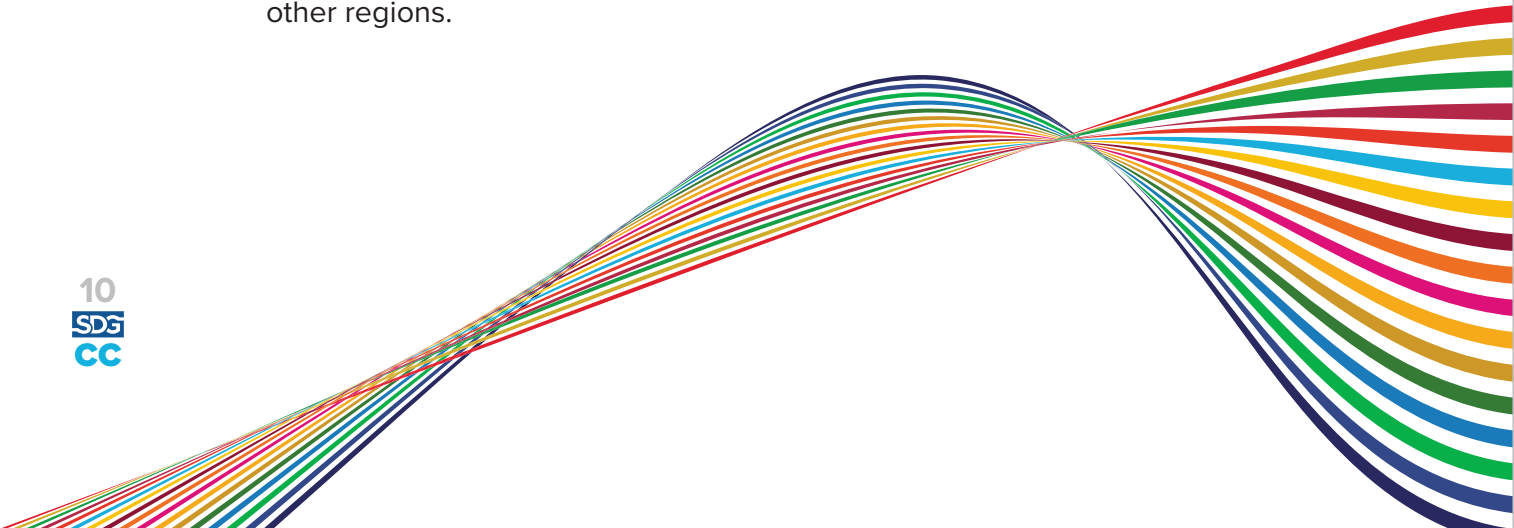
- **Strengthen existing SDG institutions** with specialised expertise and establish new models of SDG implementation at state level and beyond it.
- **Developed and implemented frameworks to bridge the SDG financing gap** by informing processes and policies to enable the government to raise and deploy public resources for the goals. This will be complemented by strengthening public financial management and formulating, implementing and monitoring goal-aligned, sustainable and green financing plans.
- **Corporate social responsibility (CSR) matchmaking platform developed** to tap into private sector finance to close the gaps in the SDGs. Move from a whole-of-government to a whole-of-society approach, with the inclusion of the private sector and civil society.
- **Strategizing reform action plans for acceleration action to close gaps.**
- **Focus on policy action based on sub-national indices by** investing in the availability and use of timely, quality and disaggregated data (i.e., by gender, age, disability and location), including sub-national composite indices on the SDGs, including Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI). Develop the state-level reform action plan on the goals.
- **Use of science-based tools and methods promoted** (information and communication technologies, satellite technologies) that can assist decision-makers in realities and processes.
- **Tailored approaches implemented to remove critical roadblocks** to SDG progress and promote systems thinking to practise as an integral part of priority-setting and policy making.
- **Governance and accountability** strengthened to ensure that tangible and sustainable improvements are recorded for vulnerable populations such as tribal, women, persons with disabilities (PwDs), young people and the regions such as the aspirational districts and blocks.
- **Cross-learning and sustainability promoted, and systems established** for institutional memory, including repositories and digitized training modules for SDGCC, including sharing of experiences among districts to emulate successful examples available within the region.

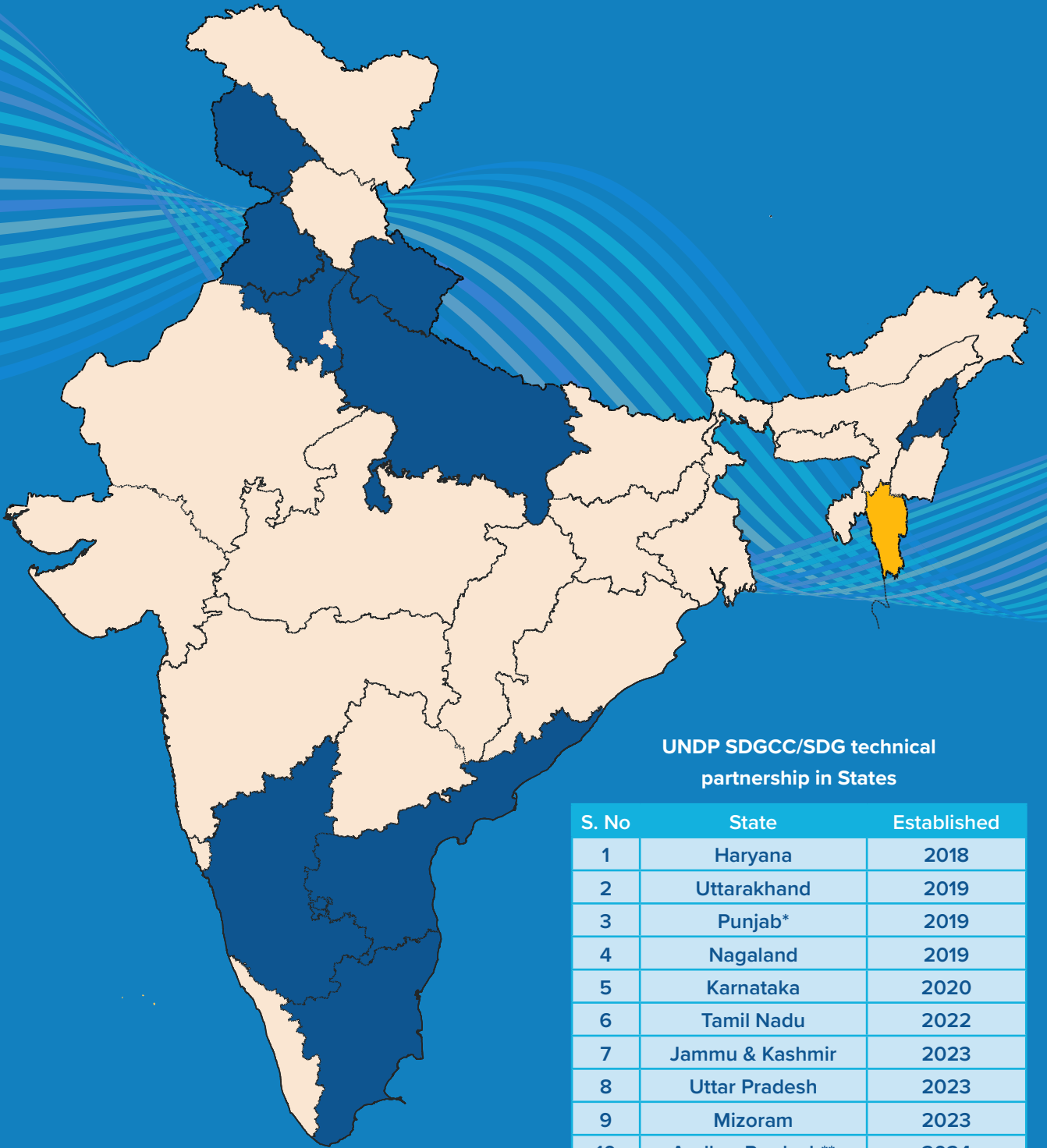
SDGCCs in India

The UNDP, in collaboration with the State Governments of Haryana, Jammu and Kashmir, Karnataka, Nagaland, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh, has established SDGCCs in these states and UT. Over the past 6 years, these SDGCCs have demonstrated remarkable success in forging partnerships with local communities and governments, effectively localizing the SDGs at the state, district and even at the Gram Panchayat levels. These centres have played a pivotal role in driving India's sustainable development agenda. Notably, UNDP has successfully transferred the management of the SDGCC project to the Government of Punjab, showcasing the sustainable capacity-building achieved through this initiative.

Furthermore, the SDGCCs in India have expanded with the recent addition of SDGCC Tamil Nadu and SDGCC Jammu and Kashmir. In Mizoram, UNDP is assisting the State Government in strengthening partnerships with CSR entities and monitoring for localization of SDGs. This signifies the growing momentum and recognition of the SDGCC model, as more states actively embrace its principles and practices. With UNDP's continued support and collaboration with State Governments, these new centres are expected to contribute significantly to the localization and implementation of the SDGs in their respective regions.

The SDGCCs have been instrumental in fostering partnerships and driving sustainable development across India. Through their efforts, the SDGs have been effectively adapted to the unique socioeconomic contexts of each state, district and Gram Panchayat. This localization approach has empowered local communities to actively participate in the implementation process, ensuring ownership and relevance. As a result, the SDGCCs have emerged as catalysts for transformative change, facilitating progress towards the SDGs and demonstrating the potential for replication and scalability in other regions.





UNDP SDGCC/SDG technical partnership in States

S. No	State	Established
1	Haryana	2018
2	Uttarakhand	2019
3	Punjab*	2019
4	Nagaland	2019
5	Karnataka	2020
6	Tamil Nadu	2022
7	Jammu & Kashmir	2023
8	Uttar Pradesh	2023
9	Mizoram	2023
10	Andhra Pradesh**	2024

**SDGCC Punjab handed over to Government of Punjab*

***Project under initiation*

Communications and Capacity Building

a) SDGCC Haryana:

Good Practice Case Studies:

SDGCC Haryana developed the best practice case studies on 10 topics, highlighting the key achievements of various schemes and challenges faced in their implementation. These booklets are related to various schemes, such as arresting the decline in child-sex ratio at birth in Haryana (Health and Women and Child Development Department), ANMOL: better healthcare with technology in the 21st century (Health Department), Har-Samay: 24x7 Citizen Portal (Police Department), Saksham Yuva Scheme (Employment Department), etc.

Capacity Building and Sensitization of Departments:

Several workshops and consultations have been organized by SDGCC Haryana to strengthen the capacity of various departments and sensitize them towards the SDGs.

- **Monitoring and evaluation capacity building workshop** for all departments was conducted in October 2018.
- **Consultation meetings** were conducted with **all 53 departments** to finalize indicators and develop Output–Outcome Framework Report for 2019–2020, 2020–2021, 2021–2022 and 2022–2023.
- **Six workshops** were conducted for all officials of the Departments of Agriculture, Higher and Technical Education, Public Work Department (PWD)–Buildings and Roads (B&R), Rural Development and Panchayat Raj, and Women and Child Development on output–outcome indicators and alignment of their schemes to the SDG National Indicator Framework (NIF).
- **Sensitization workshop** was conducted with department officials on the SDG NIF and NITI Aayog’s SDG India Index.



- SDGCC Haryana organized an event to **sensitize legislators, secretaries, Head of Departments (HODs) and other government officials** on the SDGs in February 2020. The event included an interactive exhibition on the SDGs using LED panels, a pledge wall, a hologram and a film.
- **Launch of Newsletter:** SDGCC Haryana launched the first edition of the “SPARK” newsletter in June 2023 which serves as an information dissemination tool for all departments, districts, states and other stakeholders with an aim to highlight the tremendous efforts undertaken by the Government of Haryana to achieve the SDGs.
- **Organization of learning visits:** Two learning visits were organized for delegations from Government of Tamil Nadu and Government of Jammu and Kashmir to Haryana in June and October 2023 respectively. The main aim of these visits was to exchange knowledge and best practices on progress of the SDGs and share the impactful tools and systems developed by SDGCC Haryana towards achievement of Vision 2030.

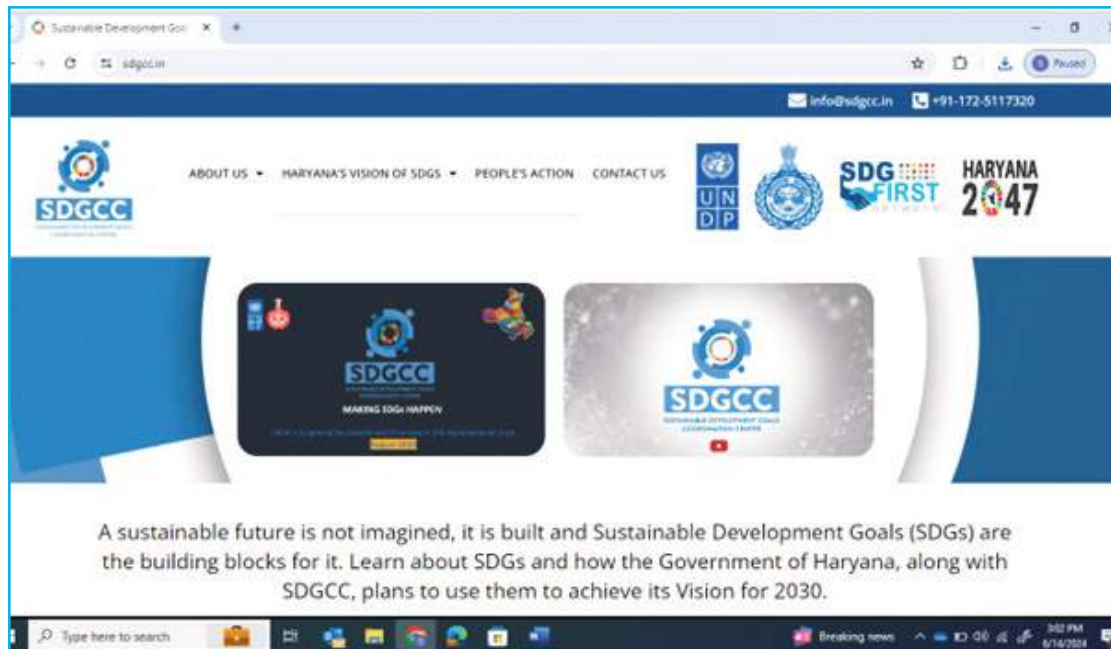


- **Creation of various Communication Tools:** Several innovative tools to communicate about SDGs were created by the SDGCC. These include:
 - ➔ SDGCC Logo and Vision 2030 Abstract in Hindi was designed.
 - ➔ A dedicated website showcasing SDGCC Haryana project milestones and future activities has been created – www.sdgcc.in
 - ➔ Six Best Case Practice Films in English and Hindi have been produced on the following topics: 1. Improving child sex ratio, 2. Open Defecation-free Haryana, 3. Protecting children from sexual

abuse by better implementation of Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act (POCSO), 4. ANMOL-a Tab/App to improve efficiency of Auxiliary nurse midwife (ANM) workers, improving employability skills through corporate intervention. Other films like a film on SDGCC Haryana and Aatmanirbhar Bharat Film have also been produced.

- Composite best-case practice booklet on the above topics was also designed.
- 46 exhibition panels in English and Hindi have been created.
- 79 posters for departments designed with objective of encouraging and integrating their output into a collective impact against COVID.
- Another set of 79 posters designed with objective of encouraging and integrating their outputs into a collective impact for *AatmaNirbhar Haryana*
- SDGCC Facebook page went live in April 2020, with regular updates being posted on this page – <https://www.facebook.com/SDGCoordinationCentre/>
- The SDGCC Instagram handle (@SDGCC Haryana) also went live in June 2020 with daily posts covering issues of importance to the government/ DGs.
- The SDG Counterstrike campaign (website and 20 films of relevance to each SDG) was developed to sensitize all stakeholders to walk the SDG path in order to fight the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- SDG Anthem Audio/Film and Multi-level online quizzes were also developed.





- **Other Key Visits and Events Organized by SDGCC:** A number of key events and exposure visits have also been organized by SDGCC.
 - ➔ Roundtable on Alternative Market Borrowing (April 2019).
 - ➔ Study Tour for high-level delegation from Haryana to Turkey and Armenia (October 2019).
 - ➔ Event on “New Tools for SDG Planning and Financing” (September 2019).
 - ➔ Pre-Budget Consultation Meetings in Gurugram, Panipat, Faridabad and Hisar (January 2020).
 - ➔ Stakeholder Consultation to discuss launch of SDG Bond (February 2020).



b) SDGCC Karnataka:

Information, Education and Communications (IECs) for Creating Awareness on SDGs:

SDGCC has undertaken various capacity-building activities to create awareness on SDG targets and indicators, beneficiary schemes, nutritional issues across the state, anaemia and more. Awareness generation campaigns have been executed through IEC dissemination, workshops and training for government administration staff and also corporate companies and academia. Over 400 IECs prepared in Kannada and English focused on creating awareness through data and action points on all the themes covering SDGs.

Resource Materials Published by SDGCC

SDGCC has published two volumes of best governance practices book, a handbook on SDGs for the youth, a compilation of IECs published on UN days titled 'Global to Local, Be Vocal,' SDG Activity Calendar, audio–visuals and thematic learning modules for Administrative Training Institute.

Community Broadcast Series on Well-Being

Community Broadcast Series – Four programs on well-being during the pandemic lockdown were aired for the public through community radio stations in collaboration with non-governmental organizations (NGOs), Self-Help Groups (SHGs) and the Department of Skill Development, and National Institute of Mental Health and Neuro Sciences (NIMHANS).

Workshops on Thematic Areas of SDGs

Over 50 trainings and workshops have been organized by SDGCC for government officials, non-profits, CSR partners and academic institutions. In total, over 35,000 people were oriented on thematic areas of SDGs.

End Hunger – a Workshop for District Administrators

SDGCC oriented the officials on SDGs from the State perspective at a workshop for Bengaluru Rural District Administrators held on 3 August 2021 by the Office of CEO – Bengaluru Rural. The discussion focused on achieving the targets of “SDG 2 – End Hunger”.

PRA Workshop for NSS Volunteers

National Service Scheme (NSS) volunteers attended a workshop on 26 October 2021 on 'Rural Development and Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)' organized by State NSS Cell, SDGCC and State Institute of Rural

Development (SIRD). More than 350 volunteers participated in the workshop to understand more about *Amrutha Samudaya*, the challenges in rural development and people's participation in community development.

Community Development Training for NSS Coordinators

A state-level training program was organized for the NSS coordinators on 12 April 2022 at Gandhi Bhavan, Bengaluru. The objectives of the training were to orient participants on ASPIRE App. The training was organized by State NSS Cell, and SDGCC was invited to provide input on SDGs. The resource person shared an overview of the application and its functions, the role of NSS coordinators and the field investigators' role in collecting data. The detailed training helped the participants to understand the application's methodology to collect information from households. About 50 participants, including NSS Coordinators and Nodal Officers from all districts attended the training.

State-level Conference: Role of Youth in Health Promotion

At Sheshadripuram First Grade College, Bengaluru, Ms. Shobha Veigas, Capacity Building Lead of SDGCC spoke about "SDG 3 – Good Health and Well-Being" and its correlation with all other SDGs. National Family Health Survey 5 (NFHS-5) data were presented for participants to understand the present state of rural health and how youth can address prevailing challenges in Karnataka.

Encouraging Youth's Active Participation in SDGs

SDGCC Project Head, Dr. Mukund Raj on 25 February 2022 oriented the youth on SDGs at the Office of Tejasvi Surya, Member of Parliament from Bengaluru South constituency. The discussion was insightful as it highlighted SDGs, its purpose and how India is working towards meeting the targets by 2030.



Session on Gender Equality for College Students

A workshop on Gender Equality was organized by Sheshadripuram College on 19 May 2021 with SDGCC, Karnataka as their knowledge partner. College faculty and students attended the workshop to learn about gender equality and individual practices that can be adopted in personal and professional environments. More than 4,000 students joined via a virtual channel to attend the session. The discussion ended with a positive outlook with students eager to learn more on achieving gender equality.

Webinars

SDGCC has collaborated with numerous NGOs and diverse organizations to arrange webinars aimed at enhancing the capabilities of stakeholders in support of SDGs. A selection of these webinars includes:



- A Webinar focusing on Youth Empowerment
 - Introducing Entrepreneurs to Indicators of SDGs
 - Strengthening Capacities of NGOs
 - Exploring Digital Citizenship and Civic Engagement through a Webinar
 - Addressing Challenges in Gender Equality through a Webinar
-
- Enhancing Governance Effectiveness, Accountability, and Inclusivity: Implementing Public Administration Reforms

c) CPPGG Uttarakhand:

SDG Goalkeeper Award:

The Centre for Public Policy and Good Governance (CPPGG) initiated the “SDG Goalkeeper Award 2021” to recognize and promote the efforts of individuals and organizations working towards achieving the SDGs in Uttarakhand. Through a rigorous selection process, 27 SDG Goalkeepers were identified and felicitated by the Hon’ble Chief Minister of Uttarakhand. The program aimed at fostering knowledge-sharing and cross-learning between the awardees and government officials, facilitating the replication of successful initiatives across the state.



Documentation of Best Practices on SDGs – Agragami Book:

The CPPGG undertook the task of documenting the best practices and success stories achieved by the SDG goalkeepers. These remarkable achievements were compiled into a book titled “*Agragami*”. The *Agragami* book features 27 inspirational case studies that showcase innovative approaches and exemplary efforts in working towards the SDGs. The purpose of this initiative was to inspire and motivate citizens of Uttarakhand by highlighting the progress made in SDG implementation.



Publication of “Nitighosh” Newsletter:

The CPPGG publishes a quarterly newsletter named “Nitighosh”, focusing on various themes related to the SDGs. Each issue highlights thematic articles, SDG-related initiatives in the country and the significant work undertaken by CPPGG. The newsletter aimed at disseminating information, share success stories and create awareness about the SDGs at the state level.

Awareness and Outreach Tools for SDGs:

The CPPGG developed various innovative communication and outreach tools to effectively disseminate information about the SDGs to different stakeholders. These tools included the creation of films, posters for departments, webinars and the establishment of social media handles on platforms like Facebook and Instagram. The objective was to raise awareness and provide accessible information about the SDGs, engaging a wide range of stakeholders.

d) SDGCC Nagaland:

Localized SDG Publicity Material:

Seven different SDG wall posters priority goals of the state with vision, targets and how to achieve the targets, handbooks and flyers focusing on all goals for localizing “Nagaland SDG Vision 2030” were developed. Promotional videos and radio jingles in vernacular languages were also developed for localizing “Nagaland SDG Vision 2030” across the state.

‘Building Stewardship on Agenda 2030 in North-East India’ – A Published Brochure:

This brochure was launched at the SDG – North-East Conclave held in Guwahati in February 2020. It outlines the importance of achieving the SDGs in North-East India and showcases Nagaland’s preparedness in achieving the SDGs. It also highlights specific steps being taken in general to localize the implementation of the SDGs, as well as specific case studies on localizing SDG implementation in the different states of North-East India. It was circulated among all participants of the conclave including officials representing State Governments and non-profit organizations as well as entrepreneurs.

SDG Dissemination during State Hornbill Festival:

SDGCC has been setting up an ‘SDG One-Stop Destination’ at the state annual Hornbill Festival consecutively for 3 years now since 2021 to engage and enable citizens on SDGs, encourage sustainable action through interactive



drivers such as games, quizzes and various competitions. The inclusion of ‘Interaction with Differently-Abled Children’ as part of the event significantly contributes to fostering inclusivity. These efforts highlight the core of Nagaland’s commitment to SDGs and their connection to Naga culture and heritage for transformative results at scale by 2030. The SDG pavilion entails an eco-friendly booth design, interactive exhibits, film screenings, pledges and novelty.

SDG Quiz:

The SDGCC organized online quiz on SDGs for more significant awareness generation on the SDGs. In an attempt to generate awareness among the residents of Nagaland on precautionary measures for COVID-19 and building knowledge as well as driving action towards the SDGs, SDGCC Nagaland organized a quiz in September 2020. This virtual quiz, consisting of 20 multiple-choice questions, was active through an online link between 16:00 and 16:15 hours on 17 September 2020. Good participation was seen from across the state, and three winners were declared.

Mass Media Outreach:

As part of the mass media outreach, several radio talk shows have been aired on All India Radio Kohima and very recently with Hills FM Nagaland, a community radio of Nagaland. The radio talk shows covered on AIR Kohima are about SDGs, SDG at State Hornbill Festival and Green Christmas Campaign. The talk show at Hills FM Nagaland was on SDGs and the works of SDGCC Nagaland in localizing the SDGs.

Green Christmas Campaign:

The Green Christmas Campaign in Nagaland promotes sustainable and eco-friendly celebrations. Through interactive initiatives like contests, social media awareness and display events, the campaign aims at reducing carbon emissions and align festivities with the SDGs. The first edition featured a month-long contest, while the second edition focused on minimalism and responsible residents. In 2022, the campaign emphasized awareness through a display corner, information desk and media drives, with a focus on reducing, reusing and recycling (3Rs). The support of youth and influencers, including Miss Nagaland 2022, enhanced the campaign's impact.

Spectrum Newsletter:

Released up to the fourth edition of the 'SDG Spectrum Newsletter' to disseminate activities of SDGCC and raise awareness of people on the ongoing SDG localization efforts of the State Government.

Capacity Building:

SDGCC conducted several workshops and consultations to strengthen the capacity of the departments for taking forward the SDGs:



Conducted three state-level consultations for the departments in collaboration with NITI Aayog, focusing on SDG India Index, North-East Region (NER) SDG District Index and MPI.

- Conducted consultations with 30 departments to formulate the Nagaland SDG Vision 2030 and State Indicator framework (SIF).
- Conducted district-level workshops with Heads of Offices from district departments for finalizing the District Indicator Framework (DIF) and to formulate the district roadmaps.

e) SDGCC Tamil Nadu:

Newsletter:

SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has proposed the publication of a Quarterly Newsletter called “New Horizon”. This newsletter will highlight the key aspects of meeting series, dialogue sessions, innovative interventions and conceptual ideas that arise periodically. Initially, the Newsletter will be distributed to SDGCC units established by UNDP in all states, with Volume 1, Issue 1 undergoing design and layout approval from the Additional Chief Secretary (ACS). In the second phase, the audience base will gradually expand to include line departments, academics, NGOs, civil society organizations (CSOs), corporates and other relevant stakeholders.

Outreach through social media

To create awareness among the public about SDGs, every day content on various activities related to SDGs is shared on Instagram, Facebook, twitter and LinkedIn.

f) SDGMC Uttar Pradesh:

The SDGMC has conducted several workshops to orient the officials on the creation and use of indicator frameworks for SDG monitoring.

1. Inception workshop on the Common Indicator Framework with Senior Officials from MoSPI (Chaired by Principal Secretary; 17-18 April 2023)

The Planning Department, with support from the UNDP, organized two-day state level workshop in collaboration with National SDG data Nodal MoSPI to initiate the development of the CIF on 17 & 18 April 2023 chaired by Principal Secretary, Planning Department and moderated by DDG MoSPI and the UNDP team. The workshop with nodal departments led to the thoughtful establishment of a comprehensive final list of 233 indicators.



2. Workshop with nodal departments on the addition of 21 indicators of the SDG India Index and deep-dive, follow-up and deliberation on the Common Indicator Framework (chaired by Principal Secretary, 15 September 2023).
3. SDG orientation workshop conducted for state nodals, held in 27 Sept 2023 with 105 participants.
4. Online sensitization on SDGs & DIF Workshop was held on 20 October, 2023. UNDP's SDG E-Learning course was also launched with a poster and a QR code linked to the course for wider dissemination for the nodal officers.
5. A data portal orientation on data entry and data gaps to address challenges was held on 31 January, 2024 with 117 participants.



g) SDGCC Jammu and Kashmir:

One Day Workshop on SDGs was organized by UNDP, India, in collaboration with NITI Aayog, Government of India (GoI), Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation (MoSPI), GoI and Planning Development and Monitoring Department, Jammu and Kashmir, on 9 December 2022 at Jammu. The meeting was presided by the Chief Secretary, Jammu and Kashmir and further attended by concerned Administrative Secretaries, Officers of the Planning Development and Monitoring Department and the Officers handling SDGs assignment in the Administrative Departments of UT of Jammu and Kashmir, besides Chief Planning Officers from the respective districts. The objective of the workshop was to :

- Sensitization of Officers of UT of Jammu and Kashmir on SDGs and commitment of India towards its achievements and role of States/UTs in this endeavour.

- Introduction of the Government officials on SDG localization “Leaving No One Behind” Agenda, SDG Monitoring, Output–Outcome monitoring and SDG-based budgeting.
- Discuss the perspectives and plans for the SDGCC in Jammu and Kashmir.



Integrated Planning and Implementation

a) SDGCC Haryana:

SDG Budget Allocation Report (2019–2020, 2020–2021, 2021–2022, 2022–2023, 2023–2024 and 2024–2025):

The SDGCC assisted in the preparation of the “SDG Budget Allocation Report” to provide an overview of the budget estimates under each SDG. The report highlights how various government departments in Haryana are going to deliver the expected results in an integrated manner through coordination and convergence with other relevant departments. The current report serves as a useful planning and monitoring tool for each department of the State Government to bring about the desired change by using the SDG framework for resource gap analyses to make informed decisions about rationalized resource allocations.



Output–Outcome Framework Report (2019–2020, 2020–2021, 2021–2022, 2022–2023, 2023–2024 and 2024–2025):

Haryana is one of the first states in India to adopt the Output–Outcome Framework, which serves as the foundational step for aligning the State Government’s public spending and development, and welfare efforts with the SDGs. The implementation of the Output–Outcome Framework Report is the result of the Government of Haryana’s consistent focus on nurturing an open, transparent and citizen-centric governance model by transitioning from merely outlay reporting to providing detailed information about how public money will be spent on various types of development work, delivery of government services, and creating infrastructure.



Haryana Budget Infographics 2023–2024:

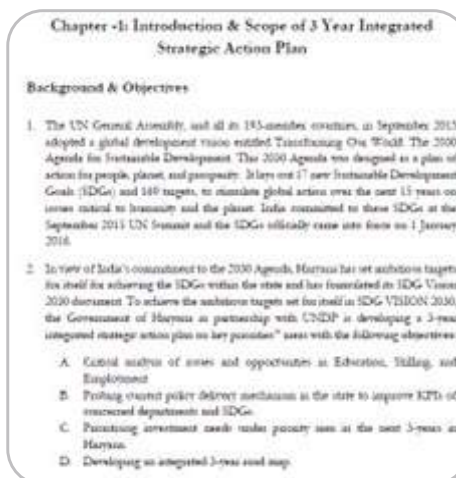
The Budget Infographics document 2023–2024 and 2024–2025 was developed based on the recently announced state's budget and highlights its key features including the macroeconomic parameters, sector-wise key announcements, allocations, schemes and programs that will be implemented



in the coming financial year, along with targets and milestones. The budgetary information, announcements and highlights have been presented in pictorial and visual form for better engagement and clarity. The sectoral infographics on sectors like agriculture and allied, health, education, energy, governance, etc., will also help in strategizing follow-ups on the implementation of budget announcements with the respective departments. Moreover, this document could also be shared with other stakeholders such as academia to engage youth in budgetary dialogues.

Formulation of 3-year Integrated Strategic Action Plan (ISAP):

SDGCC Haryana has developed a 3-year ISAP 2022–2025 on 'Education-Skilling-Employment'. This document is based on the most recent data gathered from several government ministries as well as inputs from relevant departments and gives details on the context, problems, current budget



and continuing schemes, and the proposed way ahead for concerned departments to work in a cohesive/integrated manner.

Launch of 2-hour Strategic Workshop to Kick-start the Vision @ 2047 exercise for Haryana:

A 2-hour Introductory Presentation and Workshop, the inaugural event for Haryana @ 2047 – Strategic Foresight Approach, was held at the Haryana Civil Secretariat on 24 July 2023. The meeting was chaired by Mr. Sanjeev Kaushal, IAS, Chief Secretary, Haryana and the main aim of this meeting was to introduce the strategic foresight approach to all the working groups that have been formed to co-create the Vision @ 2047 document for Haryana, along with UNDP. This meeting was followed by a series of consultations conducted with all the working groups to streamline the Vision 2047 for the State.



b) SDGCC Karnataka:

SDG Vision 2030 – State Framework

SDGCC Karnataka, when it began its functions in 2020, made significant contributions to SDG Vision 2030 document which outlines the strategies and action plan for Karnataka. The document, published by the Department of

Planning, Programme Monitoring and Statistics in August 2020, serves as a comprehensive roadmap to achieve SDGs by 2030 as it incorporates the expertise and inputs provided by Goal Committees, Evaluation Authority and other divisions of the department. The SDGCC team assisted in tailoring the strategies to the context of SDGs and priorities of the state.

Documenting the best governance practices

Setting benchmarks and finding scalable solutions is the need of the hour. In 2021 and 2023, SDGCC published the Best Governance Practices of Karnataka that were released by the Chief Minister. The volumes together comprised of about 50 best practices of government and non-profit organizations. The books serve as a knowledge bank on implementing strategies across various sustainable development areas. The valuable insights of governance approaches in the context of SDGs that can be implemented or piloted locally.



Advocating for SDG in the budgetary process



For the 2023–2023 budget, SDGCC actively engaged in pre-budget consultations with government departments including the Finance Department while working alongside the Vice-Chairman of the State Planning Commission. The meetings aimed at gathering input and insights from various departments in preparation for the budgetary planning process. The objective was to foster collaboration and ensure alignment between the State Planning Commission and the respective government departments in formulating the budget. In February 2023, SDGCC prepared and released the SDG Output and Outcome Budget document for the fiscal years 2022–2023 and 2023–2024. This involved developing a comprehensive budget plan that aligned with the desired outcomes and outputs of the state goals. The aim was to ensure

financial resources that were allocated effectively and efficiently towards achieving the targets set by the SDG Vision document.

Authoring ‘Greening the Economy’ Chapter in Economic Survey of Karnataka

SDGCC Project Head, Dr. Mukund Raj authored a chapter “Greening the Economy” in the Economic Survey of Karnataka 2021–2022. The chapter presented key aspects of climate action, sustainable development and net-zero emissions. It highlighted green bonds as a way of addressing environmental challenges in the areas of forestry, disaster management, irrigation, waste management, among others. The team also contributed to the 2022–2023 survey report with data analysis summarizing the performance of various sectors.

Data Lake – Drawing actionable insights from data

SDGCC provided technical support to set up Data Lake for the Planning Department in collaboration with IIIT-B (International Institute of Information Technology, Bengaluru). Data Lake acts as a shared repository handling large amounts of data in various formats, with pre-built pipelines to clean/process, embed LGD (Local Government Directory) codes, and join multiple tables in order to draw actionable insights from the data. This system seamlessly integrates and utilizes the data to enhance the government’s decision-making capabilities and enables evidence-based policy formulation and implementation.



SDG committees for action plans and indicator framework

SDGCC has played a key role in setting up goal committees for each SDG by appointing respective department officials and subject experts to help create action plans, localized frameworks and create awareness about the trends of a particular SDG. These inputs encompass a wide range of technical expertise and recommendations aimed at supporting and advancing the implementation of the SDGs. Goal committee meetings are held at regular intervals with Dr. Shalini Rajneesh presiding over the meetings and with the department officials as the nodal officer. These meetings have led to the drafting of SDG Vision document, supporting the government with expert inputs and gathering best governance practices.

Editorial contribution to Human Development Reports

SDGCC provided comprehensive inputs to the designated team in relation to Human Development Reports. SDGCC was part of the editorial committee. The work entailed tasks such as conducting thorough reviews, contributing to editorial aspects and performing data analysis. SDGCC also offered valuable insights and recommendations to enhance the quality and efficacy of the Human Development Reports. The objective was to ensure accurate depiction of human development indicators and provide impactful policy recommendations based on robust analysis.

Advocating for “Anaemia Mukh Bharat”

In Karnataka, the initiative focuses on addressing the high prevalence of anaemia among women and children, particularly in rural and marginalized communities through various initiatives like:

- Based on NFHS data, SDGCC has prepared training modules and IEC materials to address anaemia among pregnant women and children. All the resource materials are aligned with the State’s action plan to combat malnutrition across the States.
- Active coordination and collaboration between the Departments of Health and Family Welfare, and Women and Child Development, to jointly prepare and execute a comprehensive action plan.
- Provision of guidance on data and action points by the Planning Department to ensure evidence-based decision-making in the formulation of strategies and interventions.
- “Anaemia Mukh Karnataka” has significantly contributed to the development of a robust nutrition strategy, data-driven decision-making, budgetary allocation towards SDGs, identification of aspirations blocks, enhanced human development reporting and effective coordination among departments.

c) SDGCC Nagaland:

Nagaland SDG Vision 2030: ‘Leaving No One Behind’:

‘Nagaland SDG Vision 2030: Leaving No One Behind’, is a development road map to achieve the SDGs in the state. Each of the chapters of the document reflects the goal-wise immediate actions and long-term strategies that the Government of Nagaland is going to adopt for the achievement of SDGs across the states. A detailed study was undertaken taking into account the baseline status, present interventions, present and future challenges and proposed strategies.



District SDG Localization and Integration Manual:

The 'District SDG Localization and Integration Manual' is closely aligned to the 'Nagaland SDG Vision 2030' document and is a key tool for carrying out the localization process across all the districts and at the grassroots level in structured and planned manner. It serves as a guide to help district-level officials and relevant key stakeholders to identify, examine and apply relevant on-ground challenges and their root causes, solutions and pathways for SDG localization.

d) SDGCC Tamil Nadu:

SDG Vision documents for the focused sectors

The SDGCC has prepared vision documents on the focused areas of verticals: Skill, Employment and Livelihood, and Sustainable Transport and mobility. It identified gaps in existing policies that allows for adjustments to address new challenges or take advantage of emerging opportunities. The document has included key reforms/policy suggestions for the same. The proposed policy reforms have been mapped into actionable short-, medium- and long-term plans. The implementation is planned to be through the identification and partnership with the stakeholder entities.



Creation of Tamil Nadu SDGCC Technical Advisory Group (TAG)

As per the direction of UNDP and Planning and Development Department of Government of Tamil Nadu (GoTN), the SDGCC created a TAG with identified experts in each vertical. TAG members have been identified through meticulous assessment of their expertise in their respective subject areas. This could ensure that policies are well-informed evidence-based designed to achieve desired outcomes while considering the broader societal and economic, implications.

Policy notes to departments: Towards the actions

- SDGCC is looking forward towards translating the goals and objectives outlined in the proposed interventions into concrete actions, programs, or projects through engaging stakeholders throughout the process to ensure that the policy achieves its intended outcomes. With this background, SDGCC started to prepare policy notes/quick action plans on the proposed interventions on priority basis. For the two thematic areas on 'skill employment and livelihood' and 'sustainable transport and mobility' resulting in 28 policy notes. The policy notes/quick action plans comprised of the context/need for the proposed intervention, features, similar best practices, mapping of key nodal departments and capacity building plan for the GoTN.
- **SDGCC, Tamil Nadu** fosters partnerships for SDG implementation through dialogue series with international/national organizations, private sectors, NGOs/CSOs.
- **Abdul Latif Jameel Poverty Action Lab (J-Pal):** Opportunities related to data management and analyses were explored. This dialogue will continue.
- **United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF):** Considered rationalizing programs, replicating good practices and developing a nutrition mission framework and collaborations.
- **Tamil Nadu e-Governance Agency (TNeGA):** To enhance the SDG Dashboard and accelerate SDG progress, TNeGA will provide data management personnel. Ongoing discussions aim for improved data management.
- **Institute for Transportation and Development Policy (ITDP):** SDGCC, Tamil Nadu met with ITDP officials to leverage their expertise in sustainable mobility and restructure mobility-related indicators for SIF 2.0 development.

- **Naan Mudalvan:** SDGCC will continue to liaise with Naan Mudalvan to improve skill sets that lead to better livelihoods.
- **Tamil Nadu State Development Skill Council (TNSDSC):** Aggregation of schemes that focus on skills and employment.
- **UN WOMEN:** Officials of SDGCC have networked with a team of UN WOMEN and learned the importance of Gender Responsive Budgeting (GRB) and the possible role that GRB would play in the empowerment of women cutting across all spheres, namely social and economic.
- **Ola Mobility Institute Foundation (OMI):** For embarking on Sustainable Transport and Mobility, SDGCC efforts are directed at learning the good practices of the OMI Foundation. OMI's wide range of initiatives in mobility includes clean mobility, platform economy, big economy, inclusive mobility, entrepreneurship, etc., SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has also explored the opportunities to foster partnership with OMI Foundation in the areas of employment and livelihoods.
- **Chennai Unified Metropolitan Transport Authority (CUMTA):** SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has held a dialogue series with the officials of CUMTA to understand the various initiatives on urban planning and mobility.

Workshop on Multi-Sectoral Framework for Action on Disability

The Planning and Development Department, in collaboration with the World Bank's RIGHTS Project Team, organized a workshop on Disability Action Framework. SDGCC professionals facilitated the program, with over 50 participants attending from line departments and organizations such as ITDP and Disability Rights Alliance. The workshop resulted in innovative concepts like a social registry for identifying PwDs and prioritizing their unique requirements during crises. It also emphasized on the integration of PwDs data across departments and inclusive mobility with accessible vehicles and infrastructure.

Training to Statistical Inspectors on SDGs

The Department of Economics and Statistics conducted a training program through Tamil Nadu State Statistical Training Institute (TNSSTI) for 50 Statistical Inspectors (SIs) from districts and blocks in Tamil Nadu. The training focused on enhancing their understanding about SDGs and the significance of data collection. SDGCC, Tamil Nadu team provided technical guidance on data collection methods during the training.

e) CPPGG Uttarakhand:

Developing Short-, Mid- and Long-Term Sustainable Development Roadmap for Uttarakhand:



The CPPGG organized a series of workshops at district and state levels, adopting a comprehensive approach to develop an integrated sustainable development plan aligned with the SDGs. The objective was to ensure inclusive development, reaching every individual. The plan sets short-term goals for 2025, mid-term goals for 2030, and long-term

goals for 2047, marking significant milestones in Uttarakhand's sustainable development journey.

Districts as Fulcrum of Development Workshops:

CPPGG is organizing workshops titled "Districts as the Catalyst for Development" in all districts of Uttarakhand. The goal is to empower districts in their planning processes by prioritizing local needs and the SDG Index. These workshops facilitated collaboration among district-level stakeholders to strategize and work towards achieving development goals in line with the SDGs.



Policy support to the Government:

A policy toolkit has been prepared by CPPGG, designed to guide state departments in development and implementation of effective policies. CPPGG is also supporting various departments in drafting and finalizing their policies, namely, State Women Policy, State Nutrition Policy, Youth Policy, State Employment Policy, State Monitoring and Evaluation Policy.

a) SDGCC Haryana:

SDG Localization Manual:

SDG Localization Manual has been developed as a resource material in HINDI language to serve as one of the capacity-building tools to strengthen capacities of elected representatives, district officials, NGOs and youth volunteers on SDGs. The manual has the following features:

- Major Flagships of GOI and Haryana specific interventions and programs enlisted and aligned with relevant SDGs.
- SDG-wise Vision 2030 of Haryana along with relevant focus areas included in the manual for dissemination of vision further to district and sub-district levels.
- Performance of Haryana on different indicators of SDG India Index incorporated in the manual.
- Specific roles and responsibilities of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) and Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) for each of the SDGs identified and incorporated.



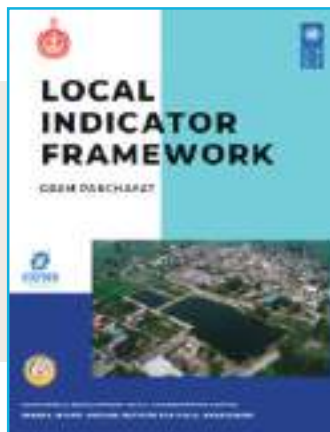
District SDG Profile Booklets:

The SDGCC of Haryana (SDGCC) updated the previously developed “District SDG Profile Booklets” for 20 districts of Haryana to:

- Support district-level planning, implementation and monitoring;
- Facilitate inter-district resource gap analysis and
- Improve inter-department convergence within the district for implementation of the VISION 2030 of Haryana.



Local Indicator Framework:



The Ministry of Panchayati Raj (MoPR), Government of India has released an Indicator Framework for PRIs based on the 9 SDG-related themes. SDGCC Haryana conducted an extensive exercise at the field level at Gram Panchayat Rehore, Block Barwala, District Panchkula for testing/examination of source of data, availability of information and relevance of indicators, etc. at the Gram Panchayat level. Based on this field exercise, the Local Indicator Framework for Haryana has been drafted, in alignment with the State and District Indicator Frameworks. This framework will help localize SDGs by engaging PRIs and other relevant stakeholders in rural India.

District PRAGATI App (Planning, Resource Analysis, Goal setting, Activity Tracking and Integration):

A prototype has been developed to provide a comprehensive platform for integrated planning at district level, aligning various departments towards common development goals. The app will facilitate data-driven decision-making and transparency, thus, empowering district-level governance.



KEY FEATURES OF PRAGATI APP:

- **District Info Hub:** A comprehensive source for district-specific data, including demographics, sectoral information and infrastructure details, enabling a holistic understanding of the district's unique characteristics.
- **District Resource Envelope:** A tool for visualizing department-wise fund flows, aiding in effective financial planning and efficient resource allocation at the district level.
- **District Human Resources:** A detailed view of cadre-wise and department-wise human resource distribution, facilitating optimal workforce planning and management at the district level.

- **Activity Progress Tracking:** Monitors district performance on ‘Activities’ against the set-targets and goals.
- **Event Management:** Streamlines tracking of Meetings and Events at the district level, promoting effective communication and collaboration.
- **User-Friendly Interface:** The app is easy to navigate and use and enables district-level officials towards data-driven decision-making.

SDG Aligned Gram Panchayat Development Plan:

Gram Panchayat Rehore, Block Barwala of district Panchkula was identified to roll-out a pilot to promote SDG localization at the grassroots level. Field Visits conducted to the Gram Panchayat Rehore. Discussions held with Gram Panchayat level functionaries and Block level officials; and participated in the Gram Sabha on 7 March 2023. Based on the above data, a report was presented as a comprehensive overview of the Theme-based Gram Panchayat Development Plan (GPDP) for the year 2023–2024, specific to Gram Panchayat Rehore, Block Barwala, District Panchkula was developed.

Training Support to Haryana Institute for Rural Development (HIRD):

Capacity building of Project Officers, Zila Parishad (Health and Education, Welfare Schemes, Agriculture and Animal Husbandry, Economic and Commerce and Panchayat Raj), Assistant CEO, Zila Parishad, Consultant (Civil and IT), District Program Manager (DPM)/Assistant District Program Manager (ADPM) of 15 districts, and Resource Persons of HIRD on ‘Strategies and approaches towards SDG Localization at District, Block and Gram Panchayat level’ at State Panchayat Resource Centre, HIRD, Nilokheri on 22 and 27 December 2023. Also, facilitated PRA exercise at Gram Panchayat Garnala and presentations of ward issues at Gram Panchayat Panjokhara Sahib in district Ambala on 27 December 2023 along with HIRDS resource persons and other trainees.

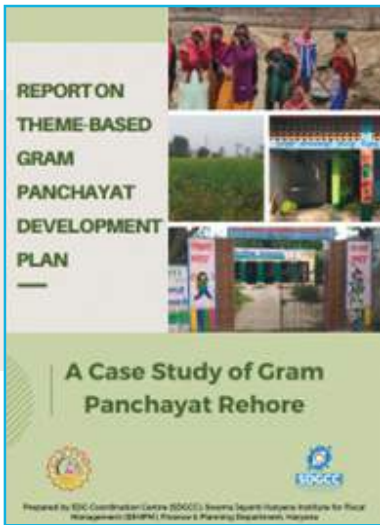


Development of Training of Trainers (ToTs) Manual:

This manual, drafted in simple Hindi language, aims at developing capacity among district-level resource persons, trainers and other stakeholders in Haryana for the effective implementation and localization of SDGs.

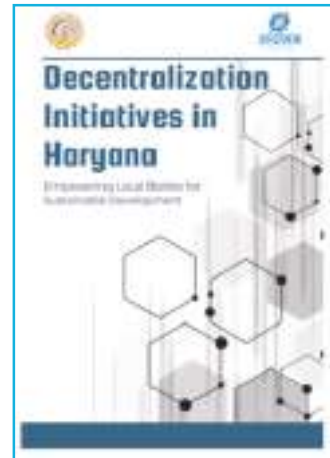
Drafting of Report on “Decentralization Initiatives in Haryana”:

This report highlights various decentralization initiatives in the state of Haryana, with a specific focus on local self-government. The initiatives



discussed in the report include the establishment of the Inter-District Council (IDC), the implementation of the *Gram Darshan* platform for rural areas, the introduction of the *Nagar Darshan* portal for urban areas, the *Local Bodies Vikas Nidhi* Portal for tracking funds, and the Haryana SDG District Index and Profiles for measuring progress towards SDGs.

Drafting of SDG ULB Index Report: This report was prepared based on the data available on 32 indicators. The index covers 93 ULBs, comprising 11 Municipal Corporations, 22 Municipal Councils and 60 Municipal Committees.



Development of ULB Indexing and Ranking Automation Tool: This is an online tool developed to facilitate and automate the entire process of data normalization, composite index calculation and ULB ranking, saving users valuable time. It also allows for an interactive display and export of processed data, enhancing its usability.



b) SDGCC Karnataka:

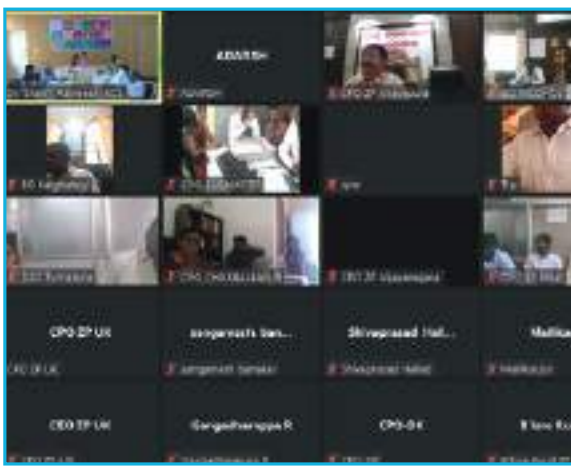
Consultations on findings of indices for localization of SDGs with government officials

On 28 March 2022, Dr. Shalini Rajneesh, ACS, Government of Karnataka led a meeting on the localization of SDGs for all the officials including chief

executive officers (CEOs), chief product officers (CPOs), District Statistical Officers (DSOs) and NRDM officers. Discussions on SDG Index and Gram Panchayats that have underperformed and highlighted MPI were held. The meeting stressed the need for robust action plans and development activities to improve the aspirational talukas. One of the discussion points covered was ensuring MPI households avail necessary facilities in the identified villages. Measures such as water harvesting, rejuvenating water bodies and preventing excessive bore well drills were recommended to be included in the action plan.

Session on panchayat level monitoring

There is a need to re-examine data collected at various levels including district, block and Gram Panchayat. *Avalokana* team organized a training on *Avalokana* on 29 March 2022 for the district and taluka officers, and SDGCC and Nudge Foundation provided their inputs in the training. Participants were introduced to data consolidation at the state level and how districts and talukas must collect data. The discussion involved data analysis at KDP meetings that help create action plans for weaker regions, 49 indicators established at state-level and their implementation. The training was led by Dr. Shalini Rajneesh, ACS, Department of Planning, Programme Monitoring and Statistics. A total of 324 participants including Chief Planning Officers, Executive Officers, Panchayat Development Officers, DSOs and technical officers attended the session.



Discussion on SDG module for ATI, Mysuru

Administrative Training Institute (ATI), Mysuru organized a 2-day workshop on 29 and 30 June 2022 to gather expert inputs on SDG training design and reading materials. SDGCC was invited as a key contributor for the discussion.

c) Technical Support to Government of Mizoram:

A team comprising of Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region (MoDONER), Planning and Programme Implementation Department (P&PI), Government of Mizoram and UNDP officials, visited Muthi village on 30 May 2023 and had a consultative meeting with the Village Council members, frontline workers and office bearers of prominent NGOs including Young Mizo Association (youth's association), Mizo Hmeichhe Insuihkhawm Pawl (women's association) and Mizo Upa Pawl (elderly citizen's association) of the village. The meeting reviewed the SDG Village Indicator Framework (VIF) that has been developed by P&PI Department, Government of Mizoram after due consultation with village councils of all districts and relevant state departments. The meeting also discussed data collection considerations associated with the indicators. This was followed by transect walk across the village for understanding the current situation and the challenges in the villages.



d) SDGCC Nagaland:

District-level Workshops for Localizing SDGs:

Taking forward the SDGs in the state, the SDGCC carried out the first SDG Localization and Integration district-level workshops in all 12 districts of the state. These workshops were held from 31 August to 22 September 2021, reaching out to approximately 350 district-level heads of offices and officials. These workshops aimed to sensitize and build capacities of the Head of Offices, and district-level officials of all the relevant departments on the implementation of the SDGs, indicators and Nagaland SDG Vision 2030.

SDG Innovation Participatory Action Research Initiative:

The initiative was conceived with the aim to promote a platform for the communities to ideate locally relevant innovative solutions which will

contribute towards the achievement of priority SDGs. Under this initiative, project proposals were invited for sustainable result-driven innovations from the communities. More than 15+ applications were received, and a Selection Committee was constituted for selecting the most innovative three initiatives/projects. For each initiative, the seed capital amount of INR 200,000 was disbursed in two instalments. The implementation of these three innovative solutions was carried out by the selected organizations under the guidance and supervision of the SDGCC.

SDG Action Awards:

In October 2023, three initiatives were identified and facilitated under “SDG Action Awards” in the fields of economic sustainability, social and community upliftment and environmental sustainability. This award aims to support and promote their initiatives towards a more sustainable future.



e) SDGCC Tamil Nadu:

SDG Localization at Gram Panchayat: To localize SDGs at the Gram Panchayat level in Tamil Nadu, SDGCC embarked on a 2-day learning and exposure visit to the Kerala Institute of Local Administration (KILA) in Thrissur. Around 50 Panchayat Presidents from Tamil Nadu, accompanied by officials from the Planning and Development Department, witnessed the successful efforts of panchayats in Kerala. The collaboration between Gram Panchayats and Kudumbashree proved vital in identifying impoverished households, promoting participatory processes, and creating micro-plans, ensuring inclusivity and effective implementation of central and state schemes. This bottom-up approach, along with devolution of power and budget to Gram Panchayats, addresses immediate, intermediate and long-term issues. The visit emphasized the need to shift focus from thrift and savings to economic development within SHGs to overcome developmental challenges. The Panchayat Presidents in Tamil Nadu are determined to strengthen SDGs within their villages.

Sensitization programs:

SDGCC, as a strategic contribution to the implementation of SDGs, is providing support for the advancement of localization, and maximize investment in citizens who may be getting left behind. In this regard, SDGCC is partnering with stakeholder organizations in sensitization programs. SDGCC handled two sensitization programs in collaboration with:

- Anna Institute of Management – Sensitization on SDG 8 to deputy district collectors;
- Tamil Nadu Industrial Investment Corporation Ltd. – Sensitization on SDG 12 to State Industrial Development Corporations, State Finance Corporations, and MSMEs across Tamil Nadu and India.

f) CPPGG Uttarakhand:

Development of District Vision 2030 Documents

To promote inclusive and comprehensive development at the district level, multi-stakeholder consultations were held to create district-level Vision 2030 documents. Building upon the State Vision 2030 document, these district-level documents were developed through extensive discussions and consultations spanning 2 days in each district. The 17 SDGs were categorized into four groups: Sustainable livelihood, Human development, Social development and Environmental sustainability, recognizing the distinct developmental priorities of each district. These vision documents serve as a roadmap for inclusive and targeted development.

Aligning SDGs in Panchayat's Plan

Recognizing the crucial role of Panchayats in achieving the SDGs, the integration of SDGs with the 29 subjects of the Panchayat has been initiated. The Village, Block and District Panchayat Development Plans promote participatory local planning and implementation for holistic development. By aligning the SDGs with the Panchayat Planning process, local planning becomes synchronized with state priorities. To support this integration, a Model Plan Booklet has been published, facilitating Panchayat planning. A memorandum of understanding (MOU) has been signed between CPPGG and the Panchayati Raj department, ensuring technical support for the effective integration of SDGs at the Panchayat level.

Aligning SDGs with ULBs

Recognizing the important role of ULBs in inclusive development, efforts have been initiated to align the SDGs with the functions related to the 18 subjects enlisted in the 12th Schedule of the Constitution. Urban areas face



specific challenges related to inclusive development, and engaging with ULBs enables targeted interventions. The CPPGG has begun engaging with ULBs to explore ways to integrate the SDGs into their planning and implementation processes.

Resource Mobilization and Partnership

a) SDGCC Haryana:

Support the Government of Haryana to launch Green Infrastructure Bond: SDGCC has been supporting the State Government to launch a Green Infrastructure Bonds for funding infrastructure projects in Haryana. Some of the key potential projects in pipeline include upgradation of health and medical education facilities, creation of critical rail and road infrastructure, establishing cold chains and marketing facilities for horticulture produce and water conservation, etc. The launch of these green infrastructure bonds by the state of Haryana will be a significant step forward to provide a source of long-term financing for sustainable infrastructure projects, creating jobs and boosting economic growth of the state.

SDG Alignment Reports:

As part of its SDG alignment series for the state of Haryana, the SDGCC Haryana has developed three reports to map NGOs, CSRs and academic institutions in Haryana with SDGs.

SDG–NGO Alignment Report:

Identifying the NGOs working in alignment with SDGs and catalyzing their efforts by bridging the knowledge and action gap is strategic towards ensuring an accelerated track for SDG achievement. Through this report, a snapshot of the non-profit landscape of Haryana is presented, highlighting 152 organizations which are working in close alignment with SDGs.

SDG–CSR Alignment Report:

Identifying the companies which largely contribute to CSR projects in Haryana and mapping their SDG alignment is crucial to re-orient the public–private action around SDGs. This report presents a snapshot of the CSR landscape in Haryana, highlighting 223 corporates which are working in close alignment with the SDGs.

SDG-University Alignment Report:

Universities drive technological and societal progress through research, discovery, creation and adoption. The path about providing knowledge about SDGs to students will lead to development and implementation of modern sustainable solutions. This report provides a snapshot of how academic

institutions are providing students with knowledge, skills and innovations to understand and address the challenges of SDGs.



b) SDGCC Karnataka:

Akanksha – An Ambitious Step towards Achieving the Goals

Amid COVID-19 pandemic crisis, SDGCC began to contribute to the concerted and coordinated relief efforts by assisting the government, non-profit organizations and providing advisory support to corporate companies to utilize their CSR funds in priority areas. During this time, SDGCC, in collaboration with the Planning Department of Karnataka, launched an integrated online tool called *Akanksha* to effectively mobilize CSR funds. *Akanksha* enables government departments and non-profit organizations to register their requirements and link them to specific



SDGs. Once a requirement is posted, corporate companies can choose to fund the project, creating a seamless interface between various sectors for the benefit of the public. Since *Akanksha* was launched on 21 May 2021, more than 15,500 government officers, 579 NGOs, and 250+ corporates have been on boarded on to the portal. This has helped ensure CSR funds are used to support need-based projects that improve



public administration and scale-up Karnataka's social impact efforts. Less than a year after its launch, *Akanksha* was replicated and piloted by the Maharashtra government as '*Maha Anusha*' in Pune.

COVID response by SDGCC Karnataka

Healthcare Infrastructure for COVID Relief

As India experienced a surge in COVID-19 cases in 2021, various organizations came together to address the severity of the pandemic. Building healthcare infrastructure was a priority as American India Foundation (AIF) set up a 70-bedded portable hospital at Pindakuru Thimmanahalli, Kasaba Hobli in Doddaballapura, with support from Goldman Sachs and Lenovo India. On 7 July 2021, former Hon'ble Chief Minister Shri. B.S. Yediyurappa inaugurated the facility which provides COVID care treatment and other medical emergencies for the communities living in and around Doddaballapura, Karnataka. UNDP–SDGCC provided technical support to the partners and the Government of Karnataka in setting up the makeshift hospital.

On 24 January 2022, AIF in partnership with the Government of Karnataka set up a portable hospital at Hoskote taluk. The newly constructed facility received funding from Master Card and was inaugurated by Hon'ble Minister M.T.B. Nagaraj and the District Administration. UNDP–SDGCC provided technical support to AIF to implement the philanthropic initiative effectively.

Distribution of oxygen concentrators

SDGCC in coordination with Give India Foundation, distributed 1,000 oxygen concentrators to the district and taluka hospitals in Karnataka through CSR grants from Auto Sector Companies. Porter, a logistics firm, provided logistics support to transport the oxygen concentrators to the hospitals.



Nutrition to address patients' needs

SDGCC facilitated the distribution of Sai Sure – a multi-nutrient powder prepared by Sri Sathya Sai Annapoorna Trust (approved by the Department of Women and Child Development). ASHA workers and ANMs ensured that 600 children recovering from COVID-19 received their nutritional needs. SDGCC also coordinated with Spirulina Foundation to provide nutraceutical superfoods known as *Spirulina Nutra Chikki* to 415 medical staff including doctors, nurses, paramedics and other support staff at District Hospital in Yadgir.

Partnerships for Growth

In partnership with Apollo MedSkills, National Association of Software and Service Companies (NASSCOM), and State NSS Cell (National Service Scheme), two programs were launched to upskill the youth and provide them with employment opportunities. It aims to reach one lakh youth through Future Skills Prime (a MeitY-NASSCOM digital initiative) and MedSkills (Apollo's leading skilling initiative).

On 9 September 2021, World Electric Vehicle (EV) Day, Youth Empowerment and Sports Department; Energy; and SDGCC with the Department of Planning, Programme Monitoring and Statistics joined hands to celebrate the day at Sree Kanteerava Stadium, Bengaluru. A zero-corridor rally was organized to promote electric vehicles. Led by the department officials, the rally started at Kanteerava Stadium and ended at Jakkur Aerodrome.

Climate Action (SDG 13) is one of the urgent goals that the world needs to meet. To orient the youth about climate emergencies and individual responsibilities, we launched a Clean India campaign on 1 October 2021 in partnership with Planning, Programme Monitoring and Statistics Department, Youth Empowerment and Sports, State NSS Cell and Nehru Yuvaka Kendra. More than 140 participants joined the launch held online.

As part of the Clean India initiative, two events – Bicycle Rally and Plog Run – were organized between 8 and 10 October 2021 in Bengaluru. Sheshadripuram College, Bengaluru University's NSS Cell, Department of Youth Empowerment and Sports and SDGCC collaborated to execute the event. Plog run, which involves picking up waste materials from streets while slow jogging, received a lot of support from the participants.

CSR Leadership Summit

CSR Leadership Summit 2021 was held in Bengaluru on 10 December 2021. About 100 corporates were present at the annual summit which highlighted the SDG budget gap and the need for CSR cooperation. Akanksha – the integrated CSR platform was promoted to encourage aligning CSR funding towards state requirements. SDGCC prepared the knowledge kit and handouts for all the participants.

Strengthening Women's SHGs

The concept of community networks in villages is a remarkable step to make low-income households self-reliant through income generation. These networks, popularly known as SHGs reach 67 million women PAN Rural India. In Karnataka, SDGCC and Vision Karnataka Foundation have partnered to explore marketing avenues for products made by SHG women

in Karnataka. Some of the key objectives in achieving the goal are: (i) to provide market connectivity to SHGs and (ii) to train the women in areas of product management and marketing including quality and packaging.

Vision Karnataka Foundation receives support from SDGCC–UNDP to carry out its programs that benefit SHGs. As the Technical Agency (TA) of the Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries (SFURTI) under MSME, Vision Karnataka Foundation has been engaged in cluster development and provides support to the artisans for long-term sustainability. One of the objectives is to help SHGs evolve into micro-enterprises through community dialogues, grants and fair access to market platforms.

Empowering students through education

SDGCC has signed a MOU with AIF to implement various initiatives across Karnataka.

- i. Livelihood programs such as Project Entrepreneurana, Engage to Empower, ABLE 2.0 – E-Market Place for PwDs, Project Harit Jeevika, Project Atmanirbhar Jodi, MAST2.0 and Project Bahu Kushal.
- ii. Digital Equalizer (DE) Program with a focus on improving learning outcomes of students through the use of technology and Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) education which aim to improve scientific temperament among students and 21st century skills. The learning modules will include digital and computational skills through coding and robotics, STEM career awareness, gender education and life skills, English literacy program and environmental initiatives.
- iii. Lastly, the Learning and Migration Program includes teachers training on pedagogy for remediation of children with learning deficits, building awareness of School Management Committees (SMCs) and parents on the Right to Education (RTE) Act, 2010.

CSR Conclave for Education

CSR Conclave for Education was organized by the Department of Planning, Program Monitoring and Statistics, in partnership with UNDP–SDGCC on 4 August 2023 in Bengaluru. The event was chaired by Hon'ble Chief Minister Shri Siddaramaiah in the August presence of Hon'ble Deputy Chief Minister Shri D.K. Shivakumar, and ministers of various departments. The government spoke of the plans to strengthen education, especially in rural Karnataka and sought the support of CSR to advance holistic education and building a bright future for students. The event was attended by more than 50 corporates from Bengaluru, including Wipro, ITC, Toyota, JSW, Dell, Asian Paints, Embassy Group, HDFC, among others.

The event also hosted stalls from organizations that showcased STEM laboratories, solar panels installed in schools, teaching and learning materials (TLMs), virtual reality laboratories and interactive science kits.



c) SDGCC Nagaland:

Technology Innovators in Nagaland:

AIC SELCO Foundation in collaboration with SDGCC Nagaland organized ‘Stakeholders Meet on Identification and Mobilization of Innovators in Nagaland’ and ‘Technovation–Innovators Meet in Nagaland’ to on-board technology innovators in the AIC SELCO Incubation Programme for 2 years (pre-incubation programme for 6 months and end-to-end support including financial for 18 months). The events have brought together innovators, entrepreneurs and representatives from relevant government departments, Private Sector and other entities for exchanging knowledge and identifying rural innovators across the state. Due diligence of the identified innovators is ongoing to inboard in the incubation programme.

Startup Green Innovation Challenge:

SDGCC organized Startup Green Innovation Challenge for Nagaland innovators, in collaboration with YouthNet, AIC SELCO Foundation, Nagaland Tool Room and Training Centre (NTTC), with support from Startup Nagaland, Department of Industries and Commerce, and AIM NITI Aayog. The initiative’s main objective was to recognize and promote innovative solutions from Nagaland that address crucial environmental challenges through groundbreaking technological advancements. Under the Rural Technology, Waste Management, Women Innovator and Student categories, the winners and runners-up received cash awards to implement their innovations.

d) SDGCC Tamil Nadu:

Partnership for Monitoring and Robust MIS of SDGs

SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has partnered with TNeGA and CM Dashboard unit for data visualization of SDGs. Further, this partnership will help each other to tap the synergies between SDGCC and TNeGA and CM Dashboard in development of a robust SDGCC dashboard to automate the data collection process, fast track the progress and ensure achieving SDGs by 2030.

Partnership with UNICEF and MSSRF

SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has proposed to pilot a “**Malnutrition Free Village**” similar to Crack Anaemia project of SDGCC, Haryana state. To start with, SDGCC has organized meetings with officials of the UNICEF and M.S. Swaminathan Research Foundation (MSSRF). SDGCC is in the process of identifying two villages – one from Virudhunagar district and other from Ramanathapuram district, Tamil Nadu. Efforts are also underway to ensure

that these two villages will fall under Aspirational Blocks Program. SDGCC, Tamil Nadu is also exploring the funding mechanisms for piloting this mission. Based on the success of the mission, it will be suggested to the State Government for scaling up.

e) CPPGG Uttarakhand:

Partnership with Rural Development Department and Panchayati Raj:

CPPGG has formalized partnerships with departments like the Rural Development Department and Panchayati Raj. The objective is to enhance collaboration and synergy in achieving the SDGs. Technical support is being provided to the Rural Development Department to increase outreach and awareness of the Rural Business Incubation (RBI) program through a community radio campaign. Training, assessment and capacity building on SDGs have been provided to the Panchayati Raj Department by the CPPGG. These partnerships aim to strengthen the capacity of these departments and promote sustainable development at the grassroots level.

Feasibility Analysis of Enterprises and Growth Centre under USRL:

CPPGG facilitated a feasibility study of enterprises and growth centres supported by the Uttarakhand State Rural Livelihoods Mission (USRLM). The study involved an EDP (Entrepreneurship Development Program) expert conducting a 1-day training on business models, business plans and feasibility analysis. SHG members, as well as block and district level cadre of USRLM, attended the training. A field visit to various enterprises and growth centres was also organized. Based on the analysis and findings, CPPGG shared a final feasibility report.



CSR Conclave:

CPPGG organized a 2-day CSR Conclave on 23 and 24 January 2024 aimed at enhancing collaboration between corporates (CSR), CSOs and government towards SDGs in Uttarakhand. Coca-Cola, Wipro, ITC Limited and others participated in the conclave. To accelerate this partnership for SDGs, a dedicated digital platform “Sahyog” has been developed dedicated to match making of CSR Funds for SDGs gaps in the state.

Partnership with Wildlife Institute of India (WII) and Leading Management Institute:

CPPGG has signed a MOU with the WII, Dehradun. The partnership aims to develop a road map for the state on biodiversity framework, including biodiversity finance initiatives (BIOFIN) and provide technical inputs on forest, biodiversity and environmental issues. CPPGG has also established partnerships with leading management institutes, including IIM (Indian Institute of Management) Kashipur, UPES, Doon University and OP Jindal University. These partnerships focus on management development programs and capacity building for state officers. The aim is to enhance the skills and capabilities of state officers in implementing sustainable development strategies and initiatives effectively.



Monitoring and Evaluation

a) SDGCC Haryana:

SDG Dashboard:

The development of an IT-based software solution called the SDG Dashboard has been completed to facilitate the monitoring of SDGs. This tool will enable real-time tracking of indicator progress in relation to targets, as well as the state's position in the India Index as compared to other states. Furthermore, it will provide insights into district performance on SDGs and SDG-aligned budget allocations, both at the SDG and departmental levels. The SDG Dashboard will offer a user-friendly interface with interactive features, graphical and tabular presentations, easy report downloads and full administrative control. It will be built on an open-source platform, making it adaptable and accessible.



SDG M&E Framework, Haryana:

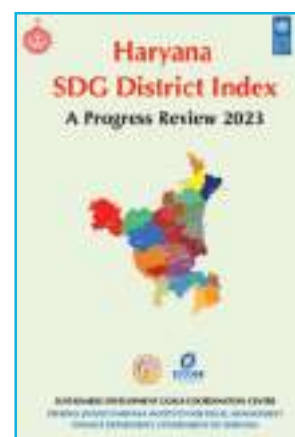
The SDG M&E framework for Haryana has been meticulously developed, incorporating the SIF and DIF, aligned with the NIF. This framework has been drafted through a consultative and participatory approach, engaging all stakeholders. It serves as a robust tool for measuring the progress of SDGs and their corresponding targets/indicators, facilitating data-driven decision-making in policy formulation and financial allocation, even at the district level.



Haryana SDG District Index 2021, 2022 and 2023:

The first version of the District Ranking and Indicator progress derived from the SIF and DIF of Haryana was released as Provisional on 5 October 2021 by Hon'ble Chief Minister Haryana and Advisor NITI Aayog, Government of

India. The second and current edition was released on 29 July 2022 by Hon'ble Chief Minister Haryana and Resident Representative UNDP India, in the presence of Haryana cabinet members. This index gives insights on the ranking of districts, along with support to district administration by highlighting the key areas of concern for planning and decision-making. The Haryana SDG District Index for 2023 was also developed by SDGCC.



Haryana SDG Index 2021:

This document provides department-wise mapping and progress of indicators, along with first quarter budget utilization of the department. Indicators were taken from NITI Aayog SDG India Index and Dashboard 2021 and further categorized into four categories (Aspirant, Performer, Front Runner, and Achiever) based on the progress, in comparison with other states of India. This report was released by Hon'ble Chief Minister Haryana and Advisor NITI Aayog, Government of India on 5 October 2021.



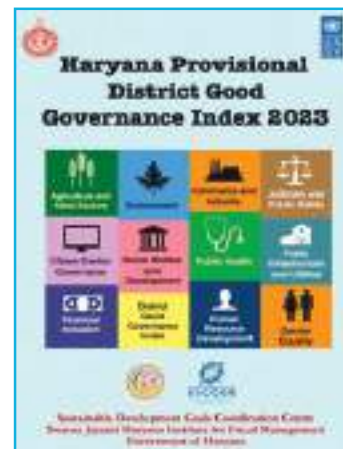


Haryana SDG Vision 2023 Midpoint Review Report:

The Haryana SDG Vision 2030 midpoint review report serves as a significant document that outlines the SDG-wise Strategic Roadmap for the State from 2023 to 2030. It acts as a guiding tool to provide strategic foresight towards achieving the SDGs and fulfilling the Haryana SDG VISION 2030. In addition, the SDGCC has also developed Department-wise Midpoint Review Reports. These reports offer a macro-level perspective on each department in relation to the SDGs. They capture key progress indicators, budgetary allocations, challenges and propose strategic actions for improvement.

SDG Review Meeting at Chief Minister Level:

A comprehensive review meeting was convened by Chief Minister of Haryana, involving all administrative secretaries, to assess the current status of SDGs. The meeting entailed a thorough discussion on SDGs with lower performance and identified specific indicators/areas that necessitated strategic action. The Chief Minister of Haryana provided clear instructions to officials to initiate the monitoring of SDG progress within their respective departments and emphasized the importance of conducting field visits to promptly address any necessary adjustments or improvements. This proactive approach aimed to ensure effective implementation and progress towards the SDGs in Haryana.



District Good Governance Index:

The primary objective of this index is to facilitate district rankings and provide a comparative view of their governance performance thereby promoting healthy competition among districts and motivating them to prioritize citizen-centric administration and governance.

Haryana SDG Impact – Vision to Action Document:

The main objective of this document is to provide a holistic view of SDG achievement in the State and fulfilment of Haryana SDG Vision 2030

b) SDGCC Karnataka:

Avalokana platform

Avalokana platform, which symbolizes transparency in governance, ensures effective M&E of data from the Gram Panchayat level to the State. The dashboard has localized indicators mapped to the Heads of Accounts with physical targets allocated. The portal ensures that each indicator's allocation, release and expenditure are captured in real-time. It indicates the budget available and the budget gap to be bridged to meet the targets of the respective indicators in the next 10 years. The platform assimilates and integrates data from the District and Taluk level to the State while providing real-time information on Central and State Schemes.

c) SDG in Mizoram:

Localization of SDGs Dashboard – Tracking SDGs at State/ District/ULB/Village level

- UNDP has entered into partnership with the Government of Mizoram for the creation of a SDG Dashboard to monitor the SDGs at district, ULBs and village level and a CSR Matchmaking Platform for enabling partnerships between CSR agencies, government and NGOs for mobilizing resources to fast-track SDG and allied activities in the state.
- A 1-day field visit to Muthi Village and Chanmari locality within Aizawl was organized on 30 May 2023. The team interacted with village council members, frontline workers and village organisations and Urban Local Council members for the preparation and refinement of the village and urban indicator framework.
- This was followed by a 1-day workshop on Localization of SDGs in Aizawl on 31 May 2023, in collaboration with MoSPI and MoDONER. The workshop involved discussion on the various indicator frameworks and seek feedback from relevant departments and Urban Local Council Members.



d) SDGCC Nagaland:

SDG Monitoring Frameworks:

The SIF and DIF for Nagaland have been developed and aligned with NIF to view and assess the progress of all schemes and programmes of all relevant departments at the state and district levels. It was developed after extensive consultations and workshops with the concerned departments.

Nagaland SDG Dashboard:

The '*Nagaland SDG Dashboard*' was launched by Hon'ble Deputy Chief Minister on 17 October 2023. This tool is a robust monitoring mechanism to view and assess the real-time progress of all states and district departments and schemes through the SDG frameworks in an integrated manner.



Some of the key features of the dashboard are as follows:

- Provides goal-, department-, and indicator-wise performances across all relevant SDGs.
- View the historical performance of indicators with reference to the 2030 targets.
- Role-wise login: Departments for data entry and validation, planning department for score entry and administrative tasks, and overall view for Chief Minister Office, Chief Secretary Office and Development Commissioner Office.
- Data entry provision for departments at district and state levels.
- Customizable reports including top performers and critical indicators – all exportable to Excel and PDF.

e) SDGCC Tamil Nadu

Assessment of SIFs 1.0:

M&E of SDGs is an indispensable part of SDGCC, Tamil Nadu. To provide further to M&E, SDGCC, Tamil Nadu has assessed the 314 SIFs 1.0; they are further mapped with relevant line departments and categorized them into five groups, namely SIFs that (i) require immediate attention, (ii) actions for improvement, (iii) sufficient action taken, (iv) target achieved and (v) gaps in available data.

Learning from Online Budget Allocation Monitoring Analysis (OBAMA):

To learn the knowledge and experience of SDGCC, Haryana in implementation of SDGs in the state, a 2-day learning-cum-exposure meeting was organized by SDGCC, Haryana from 5 to 6 June 2023. Delegates of SDGCC, Tamil Nadu along with officials from Planning and Development Department, Department of Economic and Statistics gained knowledge towards aligning schemes and programs (both central and state) with SDGs; AI tools (Sahayak, Pragati and PRIME Mobile App) enabled monitoring of SDGs and OBAMA in enabling the output–outcome monitoring of various schemes. SDGCC, Tamil Nadu will emulate the models, modify to better suit to Tamil Nadu. All of them will equally contribute to the happening of SDGs in Tamil Nadu.

f) CPPGG Uttarakhand:

Development of State-Level SDG SIF, DIF and District Monthly Indicator Framework (DMIF):

CPPGG led the development of a State-level SDG Indicator Framework (SIF) consisting of 369 indicators, a DIF with 125 indicators and a DMIF with 36 indicators. These frameworks were created through extensive coordination and consultations with state-level SDG nodal departments and district-level officials, under the leadership of the ACS (Planning) and CEO CPPGG. The DIF and SIF have been duly approved by the state-level SDG Monitoring Committee.

Publication of SDG Index Compendium 2015–2021 and SDG Index 2021–2022:

Uttarakhand published its first SDG Index Compendium in 2021, which included SDG indices from 2015–2016 to 2020–2021. The compendium allowed districts to track their progress over the years and created healthy competition among them to achieve the SDGs. Districts were ranked based on their performances, leading to increased inquiries and reviews of their

SDG performances. The methodology of NITI Aayog's SDG India Index was adopted for the computation of the SDG Index. Additionally, the state published the SDG Index for 2021–2022, aiming to map district progress, analyse gaps, prioritize areas for attention and foster healthy competition among districts.

Development of SDG District Profiles:

In 2021–2022, CPPGG developed SDG Index district profiles that provided SDG-wise scores, action points for the upcoming year and indicator-wise performance of the districts. The action points highlighted indicators where district performance was far from the target or had declined from the previous year. These profiles aimed to assist districts in analysing their indicator-wise performance and focusing on areas requiring improvement.

Development of Monitoring and Evaluation Policy:

CPPGG is developing a M&E Policy for the State of Uttarakhand. The policy aims to embed and integrate a robust monitoring and evaluation system for all government schemes and programs. It intends to improve data management, define roles and responsibilities, ensure reliable data availability, conduct rigorous evaluations, suggest methodologies and frequencies of evaluations, enhance technological utilization, strengthen coordination, and build capacities of government officials engaged in program formulation and delivery.

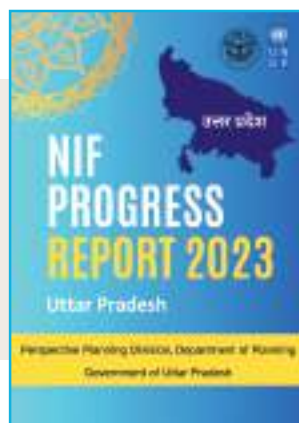
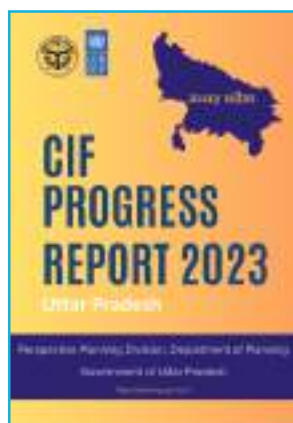
g) SDGMC, Uttar Pradesh:

Workshop on SDG Monitoring Frameworks

The Government of Uttar Pradesh (GoUP) and UNDP, under the new SDG Monitoring Cell partnership in the state, organized a 2-day workshop in collaboration with the MoSPI in April 2023. The workshop, chaired by senior



representatives from MoSPI and the Planning Department of Government of Uttar Pradesh, saw participation from all the nodal departmental officers mapped to the SDG framework. The workshop marked the beginning of the initiative to construct the Uttar Pradesh Common Indicator Framework (CIF), which would update and enhance the erstwhile SIF and serve as a common SDG monitoring mainframe for the State-assimilating indicators from the NIF, SDG India Index and state specific indicators.



CIF/SIF/DIF framework

A Common Indicator Framework, State Indicator Framework & District Indicator Framework compiled aligning with Global Targets was prepared in partnership with Planning Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh.

CIF 2023 Progress Report: A comprehensive progress report on 233 indicators was prepared which includes year-wise data on Uttar Pradesh and India and targets (as available); infographics on key indicators, methodology and graphs mapping progress on indicators across all goals & Metadata for in-depth reference of readers.

UP NIF 2023 Progress report : The report provides a comparative analysis against the national values for the NIF indicators for which the state value is available.

h) SDGCC Jammu and Kashmir:

Divisional Workshops for preparation of UT Indicator Framework and DIF: A series of extensive consultations spanning 3 days were conducted with 27 different government departments within the administrative framework of Jammu and Kashmir. The primary objective of these consultations was to collaboratively develop the Indicator Framework for the Union Territory. Subsequently, two additional regional consultations were organized, with one being held in Jammu and the other in Srinagar, specifically dedicated to deliberating upon the DIF.



The workshop was presided over by the Principal Secretary of the Planning Department and saw the participation of Chief Planning Officers from all districts, as well as representatives from various crucial departments within the districts. These consultations culminated in the establishment of a comprehensive UT Indicator Framework and a DIF, providing a structured and unified approach to measuring and tracking key development indicators across Jammu and Kashmir. This collaborative effort aimed at enhancing governance, decision-making and overall development outcomes within the region.

Conclusion

Meeting the SDGs calls for a new way of governance instead of the business-as-usual approach. Further implementing the SDGs requires new capacities and new ways of working in public institutions. To support integrated policies, government officials need to be equipped to identify and analyse inter-linkages, synergies and work across institutional boundaries. Enhanced capacities are also needed to improve sectoral policies, reach those who are the furthest behind, envision the long-term impact of policies and possible scenarios, and collect and analyse data and statistics to drive evidence-based decision-making. The SDGs also call for renewed efforts to make institutions transparent and accountable and support participatory decision-making. Therefore, effective implementation of the 2030 Agenda requires mobilizing and equipping public institutions and government officials.

Through the SDGCACs, UNDP proposes to offer its partnership to the State and UT Governments by bringing onboard required technical sectoral expertise for support and expert advice to the Department of Planning and Development to work across departments to drive an integrated development agenda covering socioeconomic and environmental issues to promote the faster achievement of the SDGs. In line with the Indian model of SDG localization led by NITI Aayog, eight such coordination centres have been set up in various States and UTs. With less than 6 years to achieve the SDGs, the revamped model of SDGCAC focuses on “acceleration” to expedite actions on the SDGs by 2030. This model will focus on scientific and innovative tools to understand data gaps, SDG financing, multi-sectoral analysis at different levels of administration based on indices, engage domain-specific expertise-based on the government’s request and foster convergent planning, implementation, and monitoring of the progress of the SDGs.

The model looks at promoting a process intended to support multi-stakeholder groups in addressing a complex social problems and work with governments to identify the most pressing challenges, team up with local leaders to develop and test solutions, bring in expertise and technology from the private sector, adopt the skills and tools to build agency and institutional capability, respond to citizen demand for responsive services, enhance government program delivery, capture and disseminate best practice locally and regionally, and ultimately expedite creative, systemic, transformational and sustainable change for the State.

SDG Knowledge Hub

SDG Knowledge Hub, developed by UNDP India hosts all the resources and tools related to SDGs at one platform and provides States/UTs and other stakeholders to access all the available information at national and global level. The portal brings together good practices, SDG indicator frameworks, SDG linked budgets, among other knowledge products produced by States and UTs. The portal is aimed to equip interested stakeholders from the government as well as non-government entities, students, trainers, etc with learnings on SDGs and build capacities on the same.

- The SDG Knowledge Hub serves as a comprehensive resource center dedicated to advancing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The platform provides valuable insights, updates, and tools to support informed decision-making and action towards sustainable development.
- E-learning course: It also offers the country's first certified e-learning course on the SDGs developed with 5 modules. The course offers learners with an in-depth understanding of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals, along with providing insight into key themes such as identifying challenges to the SDGs, sustainable financing, role of various stakeholders and the role of UNDP.
- SDGs at School: This section provides knowledge pieces for trainers and young adults to engage on the 2030 agenda.
- Resources: This section provides links to tools, documents on SDG localisation, latest reports, national and global best practices, state indicator frameworks of state governments, SDG dashboard links, etc
- News and Events: It provides access to information on past as well as upcoming events on SDGs across the country.
- The SDG Knowledge Hub can be accessed through the URL: <https://sdgknowledgehub.undp.org.in/>





For more details

